

경추에서의 후관절 전방탈구 증후군

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= Abstract =

Locked Facet Syndrome of the Cervical Spine

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Between 1984 and 1995, sixty-one patients were treated for facet interlocking of the cervical spine. The most common level of dislocation was C6/7; unilateral facet locking was observed in 27 patients, and bilateral locking in 34. Immediate traction with increasing weight reduced the dislocation in 51 patients, but ten required surgery, and of the 51 patients whose dislocations were successfully reduced with traction, 36 underwent surgery due to spinal instability. In all 46 patients who were operated on, spinal stability was achieved without major complications. On discharge, neurological improvement was observed in 18 patients. These findings suggest that even in neurologically compromised patients, prompt reduction and internal stabilization can facilitate recovery.

KEY WORDS : Cervical cord injury · Facet interlocking · Traction · Internal fixation · Spinal stability.

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(facet interlocking)

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대상 및 방법

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가 4)7) .

가 15kg

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가 46 (75.4%)

Table 1. Causes of injuries

Causes of injuries	No. of cases(%)
Traffic accident	33(54.1)
Fall	12(19.7)
Sports injury	5(8.2)
Falling objects	5(8.2)
Slip down	4(6.6)
Others	2(3.2)
Total	61(100.0)

Fig. 1. Level and bilaterality of facet interlocking. The most frequent site is C6/7, and at C4/5, unilateral locking is more frequent than bilateral locking.

Table 2. Initial neurologic status

Status	Unilateral	Bilateral	Total
Neck pain only	1		1
Radiculopathy	7	4	11
Incomplete injury	13	10	23
Complete injury	6	20	26
Total	27	34	61

Table 3. Associated injury

Injuries	No. of cases(%)
Facet fracture	27/61 (44.3)
Traumatic HCD	20/50 (40.0)
Laminar fracture	20/61 (32.8)
Spinous process fracture	15/61 (24.6)

Table 4. Rate of reduction

Reduction	Unilateral(%)	Bilateral(%)	Total(%)
Reduction with traction			
Under 15Kg	10(37.0)	17(50.0)	27(44.3)
15 - 30kg	11(40.8)	13(38.2)	24(39.3)
Intraop. reduction	6(22.2)	4(11.8)	10(16.4)
Total	27(100)	34(100)	61(100)

Table 5. Treatment methods

Treatment	Unilateral(%)	Bilateral(%)	Total(%)
Traction or Halo	8(29.6)	7(20.6)	15(24.6)
Operative fusion	19(70.4)	27(79.4)	46(75.4)
A.I.F	9	16	25
Posterior fusion	10	9	19
Combined fusion	0	2	2
Total	27(100)	34(100)	61(100)

*A.I.F : anterior interbody fusion

Table 6. Final outcome

Frankel's classification	postop	A	B	C	D	E	Total
initial status							
A	21	2	1	2	0	0	26
B	0	7	2	2	0	0	11
C	0	0	5	3	2	2	10
D	0	0	0	3	4	4	7
E	0	0	0	0	7	7	7
Total	21	9	8	10	13	13	61

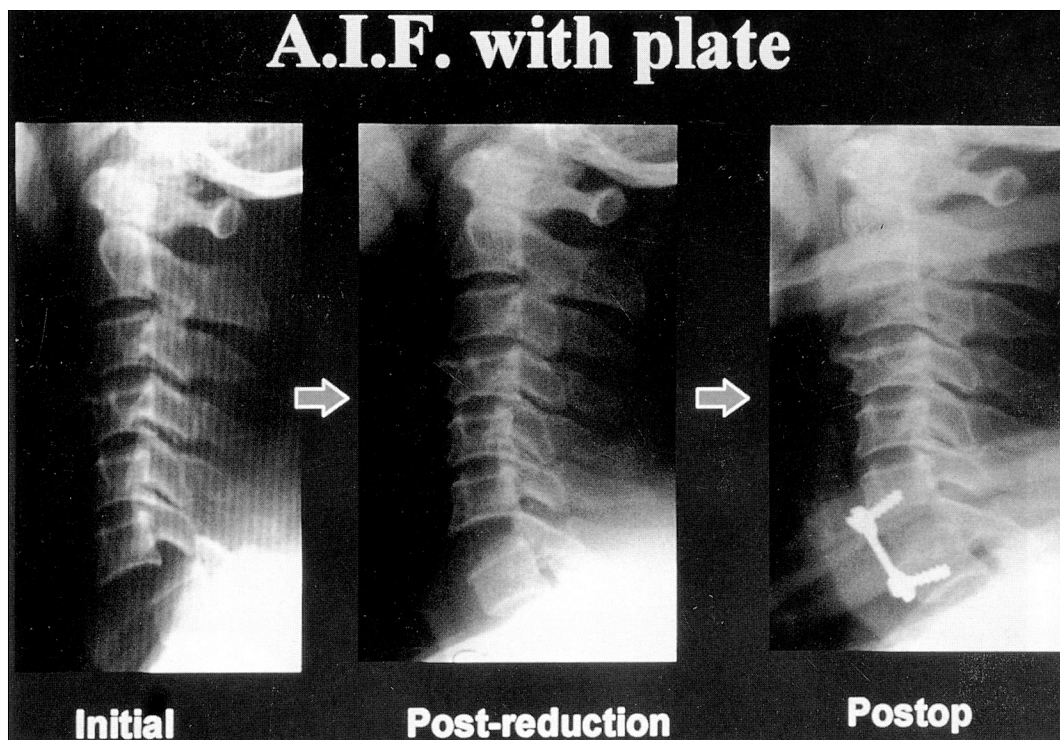


Fig. 2. Bilateral interlocking at C6/7 treated with anterior interbody fusion.

34 27 (79.4%),
27 19 (71.4%) (Table 4).

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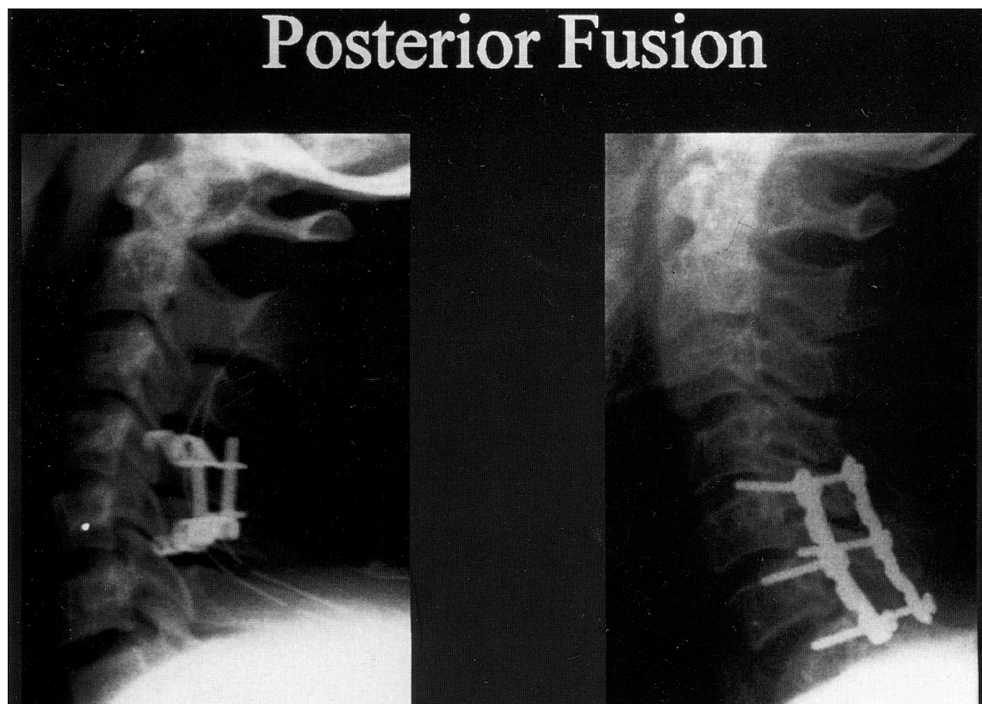


Fig. 3. Posterior fusion with Halifax interlaminar clamp & lateral mass plate.

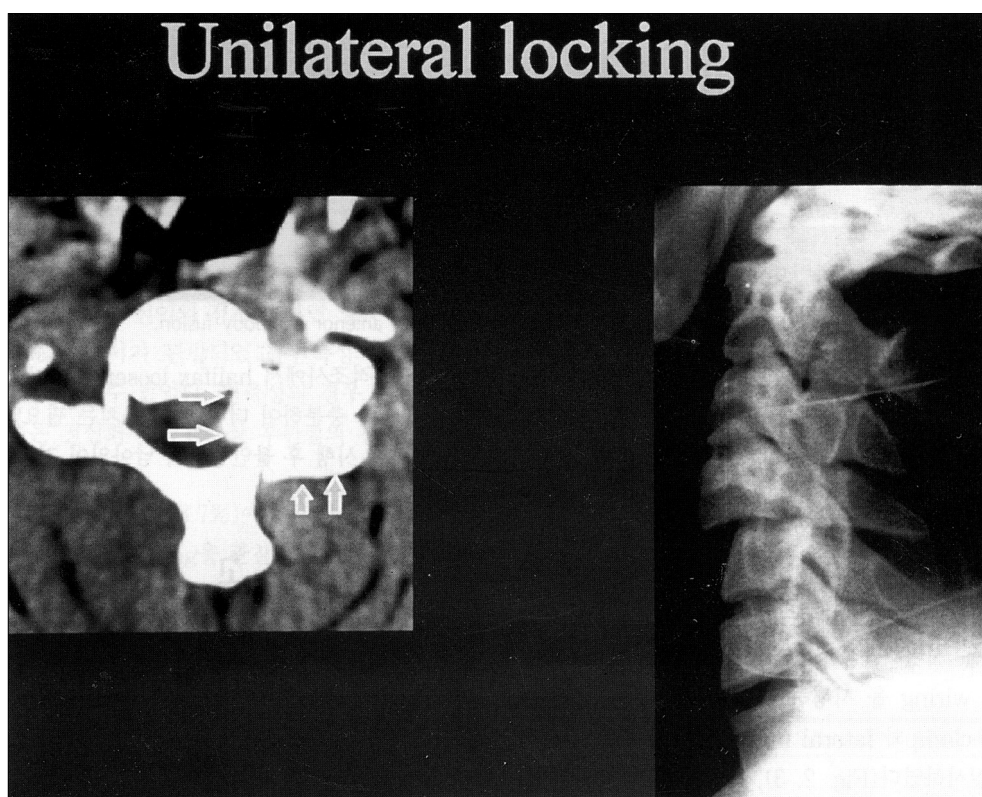


Fig. 4. Unilateral interlocking at C4/5, CT scan shows narrowed lateral recess on the side of the lesion, causing radiculopathy.

[illegible]

15kg

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61

1) 498 61 (12.3%)

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2) 52 : 9

3) 34 (27)

4) 가 C6/7 25 C4/5

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5) 13 (48.1%) 20 (58.8%)

6) 가 48.2% 22.8%

7) 44.3% 40.0%

8) 15kg 50.0%

38.2% 88.2% 가

77.8 % 37.0%, 40.8 %

가

9) 79.4%

71.4%, 75.4%

• : 1997 6 16

• : 1997 7 14

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